

## GLUED LAMINATED TIMBER (GLULAM)

## for outdoor use

## **Composition:**

Planed solid wood slats sorted for structural use, treated in a vacuum and pressure autoclave, dried, fixed and glued end-to-end using a "finger-jointing" machine, before being piled one on top of the other and glued together to provide the desired thickness.

<u>Possible option</u>: final treatment phase to increase resistance in highly exposed environments; green or brown colour on request.

## **Current offer:**

Common	Common	Common	Common	Common
thicknesses	heights	lengths	quality	options
(mm)	(mm)	(m)	(mechanical)	(appearance)
	90			
	140			
	190	Up to 13 m	GL24h	
75	210			
90	280	(depending on	(according	Option 2
140	315	the	to NF EN	
	(multiples	manufacturer)	1194)	
	of 35			
	mm)			

Timber thickness and heights may vary depending on the supplier

Hewing on request (numeric control machining centres)

Certifications/Labels: Regulatory CE marking PEFC certified timber on request



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The **ACERBOIS GLULAM** quality marking is also available, which attests to the product's adherence to glulam manufacturing requirements. Other quality-control processes can also be implemented, including an **ISO** type approach.

Reference standards:NF EN 385 et NF EN 386: minimum manufacturing requirements<br/>NF EN 14080: requirements for CE marking<br/>NF B 52-001-2: visual grading of structural glulam<br/>NF EN 1194: glulam resistance class<br/>NF B50-105-3 "Timber durability – Performance"<br/>DTU 31.1 "Timber framing and staircases" (NF P 21-203)

Applications:Uses for glulam are divided into 3 service classes<br/>(see NF EN 386 – Not to be confused with class)

Autoclaved pine glulam can be used up to **service class 3**, or structures where the balanced humility of the wood may exceed 20% (exposed outdoor structures)

Of course, glulam that has not been treated in an autoclave is also available for indoor uses. However, insecticidal treatment is compulsory in France for structural timber if the timber cannot be "monitored"